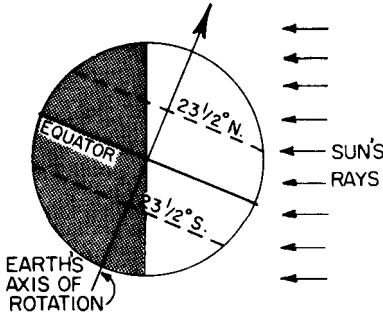
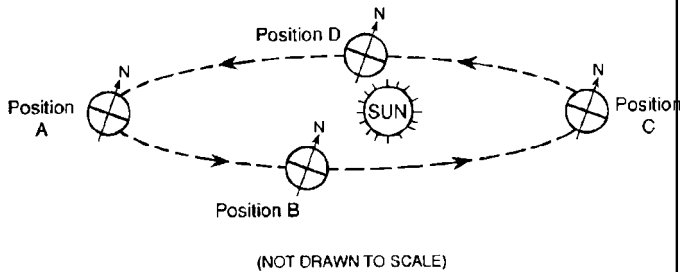


1. In the diagram below, the direct rays of the Sun are striking the Earth's surface at  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  N. What is the date shown in the diagram?



- 1) March 21                      3) September 23  
2) June 21                        4) December 21

2. The diagram below represents four positions of the Earth as it revolves around the Sun.



At which position is the Earth located on December 21?

- 1) A                                3) C  
2) B                                4) D

3. Which location on the Earth would the Sun's vertical rays strike on December 21?

- 1) Tropic of Cancer ( $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  N)  
2) Equator ( $0^{\circ}$ )  
3) Tropic of Capricorn ( $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  S)  
4) South Pole ( $90^{\circ}$  S)

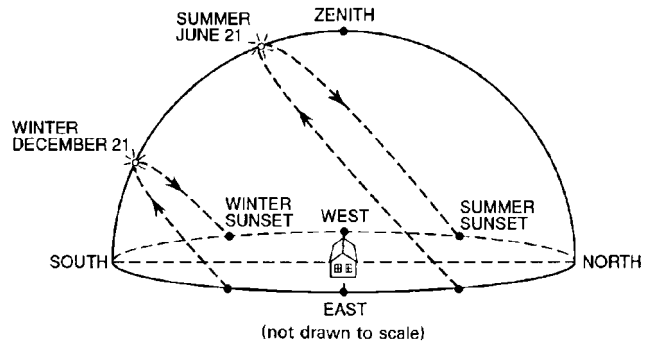
4. Which observation is a direct result of the  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  tilt of Earth's axis as Earth orbits the Sun?

- 1) Locations on Earth's Equator receive 12 hours of daylight every day.  
2) The apparent diameter of the Sun shows predictable changes in size.  
3) A Foucault pendulum shows predictable shifts in its direction of swing.  
4) Winter occurs in the Southern Hemisphere at the same time that summer occurs in the Northern Hemisphere.

5. During how many days of a calendar year is the Sun directly overhead at noon in New Jersey?

- 1) only 1 day                      3) 365 days  
2) only 2 days                      4) 0 days

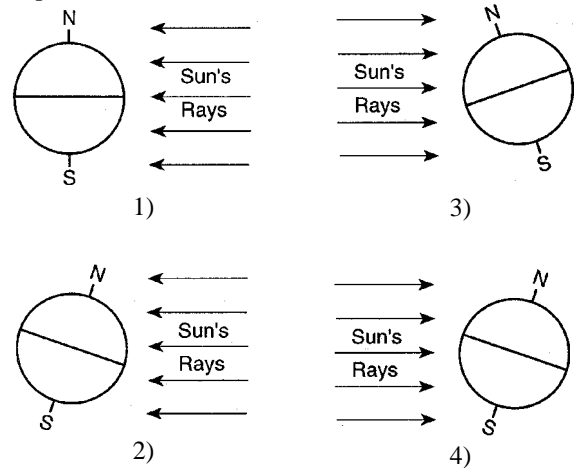
6. The diagram below shows the apparent paths of the Sun in relation to a house in New York State on June 21 and December 21.



Which statement best explains the cause of this apparent change in the Sun's path?

- 1) The Sun's orbital velocity changes as it revolves around the Earth.  
2) The Earth's orbital velocity changes as it revolves around the Sun.  
3) The Earth's axis is tilted  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$   
4) The Sun's axis is tilted  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$

7. Which diagram shows the position of the Earth relative to the Sun's rays during a winter day in the Northern Hemisphere?

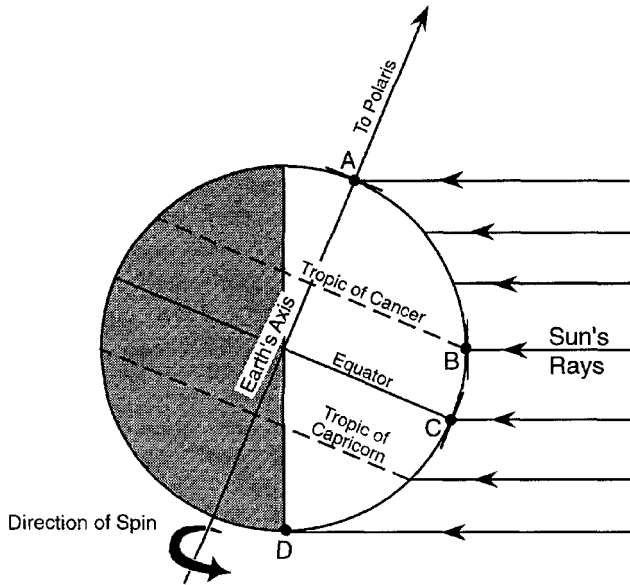


8. On which day of the year does Connecticut have the fewest hours of daylight?

- 1) April 21                              3) October 21  
2) June 21                                4) December 21

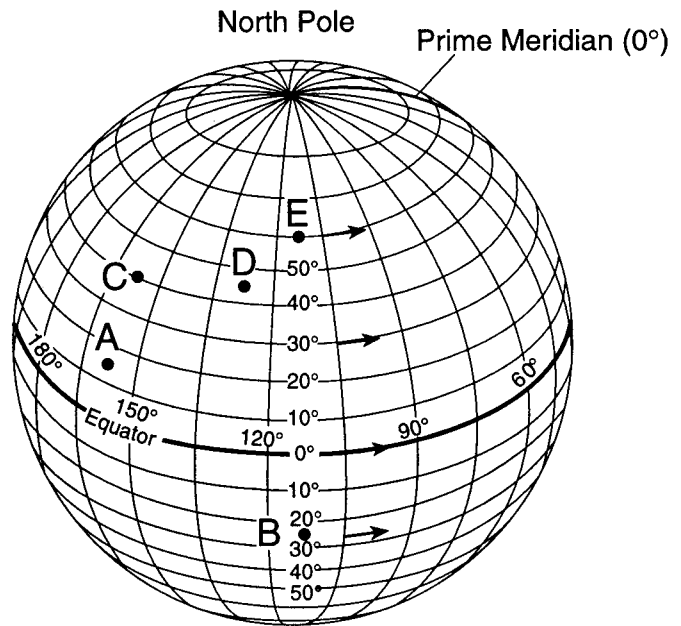
9. Which motion causes the apparent rising and setting of the Moon each day, as seen from a location in Kansas?
- 1) the Earth revolving around the Sun
  - 2) the Moon revolving around the Earth
  - 3) the Earth rotating on its axis
  - 4) the Moon rotating on its axis

Base your answers to questions 10 through 13 on the diagram below. The diagram represents the Earth at a position in orbit around the Sun, the Sun's rays at solar noon, and the direction to *Polaris*. Letters A through D represent positions on the Earth's surface.



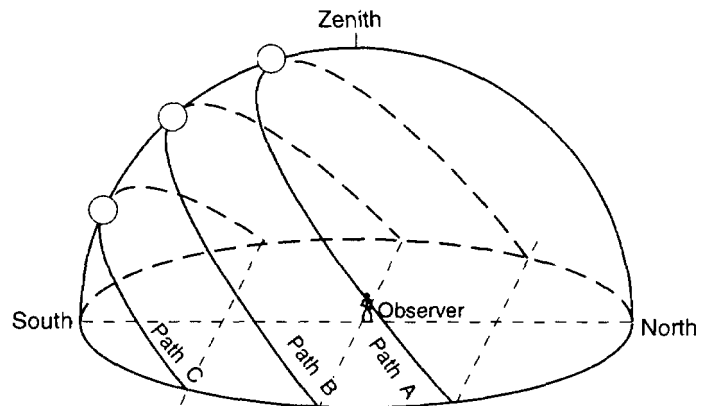
10. What is the latitude of position A?
- 1) 23° N
  - 2) 47° N
  - 3) 66° N
  - 4) 90° N
11. Which position is receiving the Sun's rays from directly overhead at solar noon?
- 1) A
  - 2) B
  - 3) C
  - 4) D
12. Which date is represented by the diagram?
- 1) March 21
  - 2) June 21
  - 3) September 23
  - 4) December 21
13. During one complete rotation of the Earth on its axis, which position receives the *least* number of hours of daylight?
- 1) A
  - 2) B
  - 3) C
  - 4) D
- 
14. The passage of the Moon into Earth's shadow causes a
- 1) lunar eclipse
  - 2) solar eclipse
  - 3) new Moon
  - 4) full Moon

15. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram below, which represents latitude and longitude lines on Earth. Points A through E represent locations on Earth. Arrows represent direction of rotation.



Which location has the longest duration of insolation on December 21?

- 1) A
  - 2) B
  - 3) C
  - 4) E
16. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram below, which shows the apparent paths of the Sun at the beginning of each season for an observer at a location in Connecticut.

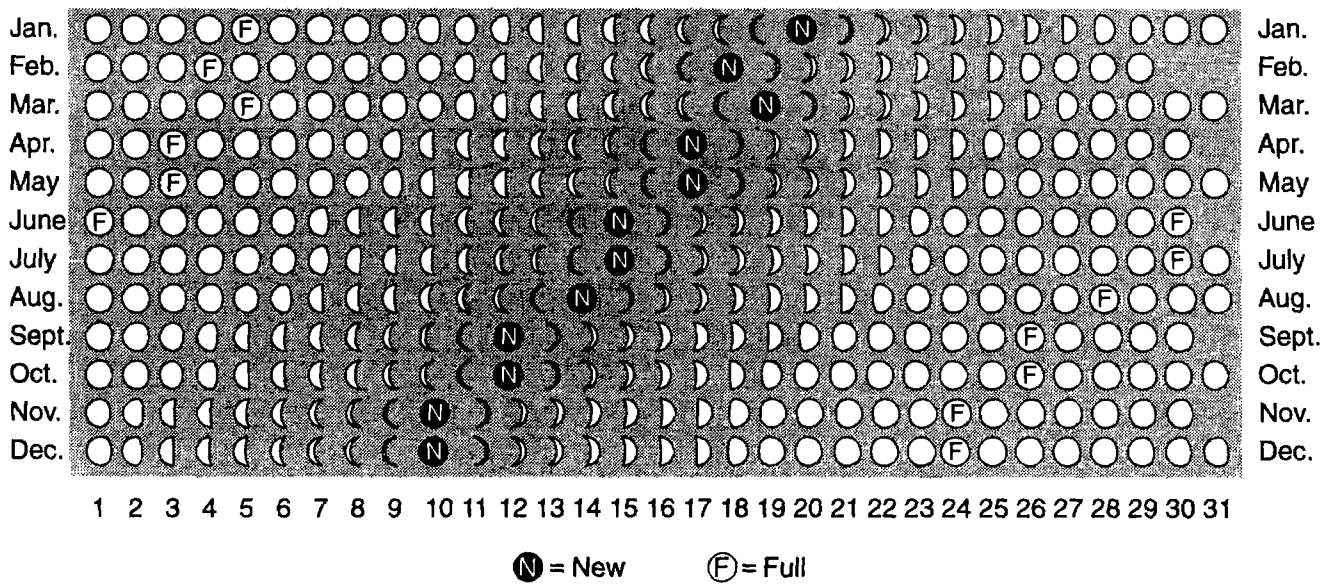


What is the time interval from the Sun's apparent path A to the Sun's apparent path C?

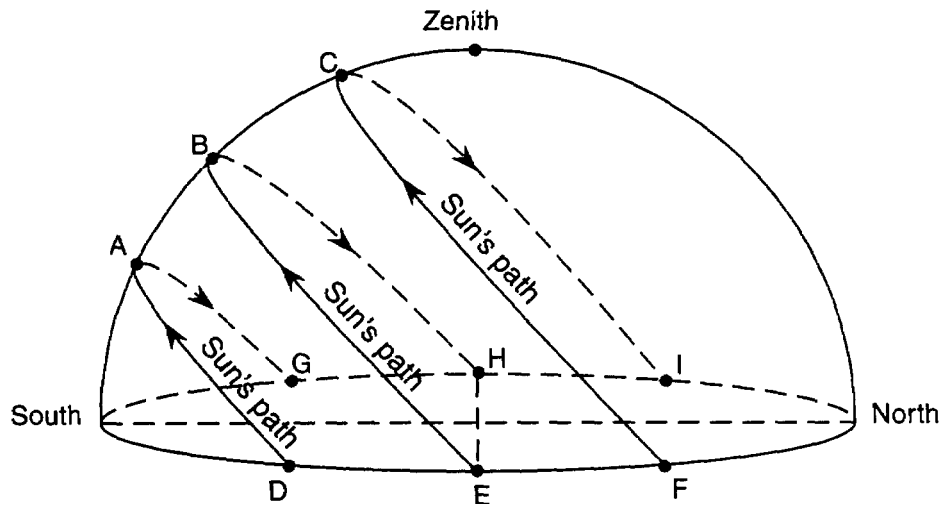
- 1) 1 day
- 2) 1 month
- 3) 6 months
- 4) 12 months

Base your answers to questions 17 and 18 on the chart below, which shows phases of the Moon as viewed by an observer on Earth during 1996.

### 1996 Lunar Phases



17. The Moon goes through a complete cycle of phases approximately every
- 1) 14 days
  - 2) 23 days
  - 3) 29 days
  - 4) 365 days
18. What is the approximate diameter of the Moon?
- 1)  $1.74 \times 10^3$  km
  - 2)  $6.96 \times 10^5$  km
  - 3)  $3.48 \times 10^3$  km
  - 4)  $7.35 \times 10^{22}$  km
- 
19. The diagram below represents a plastic hemisphere upon which lines have been drawn to show the apparent paths of the Sun at a location in New York State on the first day of each season. Letters A through I represent points on the paths.



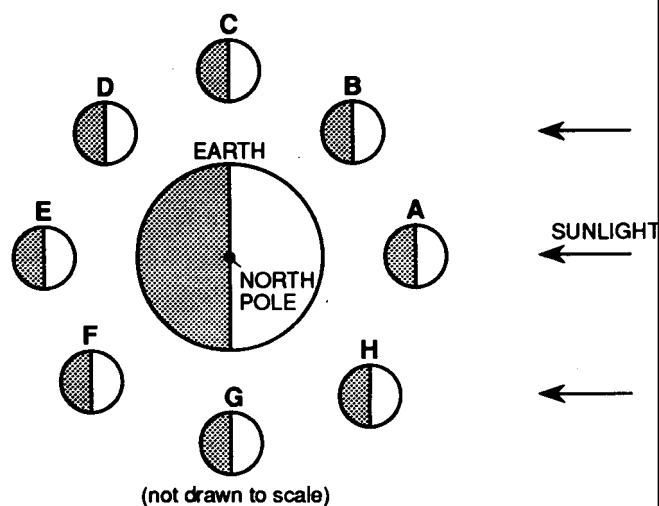
Which point represents the sunrise location on the first day of winter?

- 1) G
- 2) F
- 3) E
- 4) D

20. Which object is closest to Earth?

- 1) the Sun
- 2) Venus
- 3) the Moon
- 4) Mars

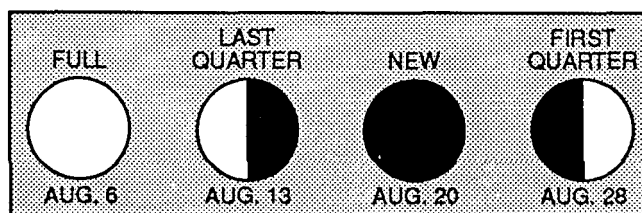
21. The diagram below represents eight positions of the Moon as it revolves around the Earth.



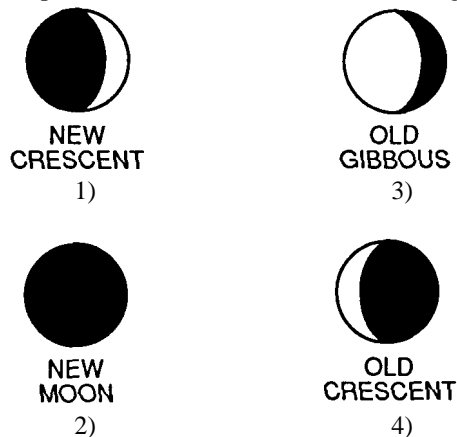
When viewed from the Earth, which phase of the Moon will be seen when the Moon is at point *E*?

- 1) first quarter
  - 2) full moon
  - 3) new moon
  - 4) last quarter
22. Which object orbits Earth in both the Earth-centered (geocentric) and Sun-centered (heliocentric) models of our solar system?
- 1) the Moon
  - 2) the Sun
  - 3) Venus
  - 4) *Polaris*
23. The same side of the Moon always faces Earth because the
- 1) Moon's period of rotation is longer than its period of revolution around Earth
  - 2) Moon's period of rotation is shorter than its period of revolution around Earth
  - 3) Moon rotates once as it completes one revolution around Earth
  - 4) Moon does not rotate as it completes one revolution around Earth
24. Why do stars appear to move through the night sky at the rate of 15 degrees per hour?
- 1) The Earth actually moves around the Sun at a rate of 15° per hour.
  - 2) The stars actually move around the center of the galaxy at a rate of 15° per hour.
  - 3) The Earth actually rotates at a rate of 15° per hour.
  - 4) The stars actually revolve around the Earth at a rate of 15° per hour.

25. The diagrams below show the phases of the Moon as viewed by an observer in New York State at different times in August.

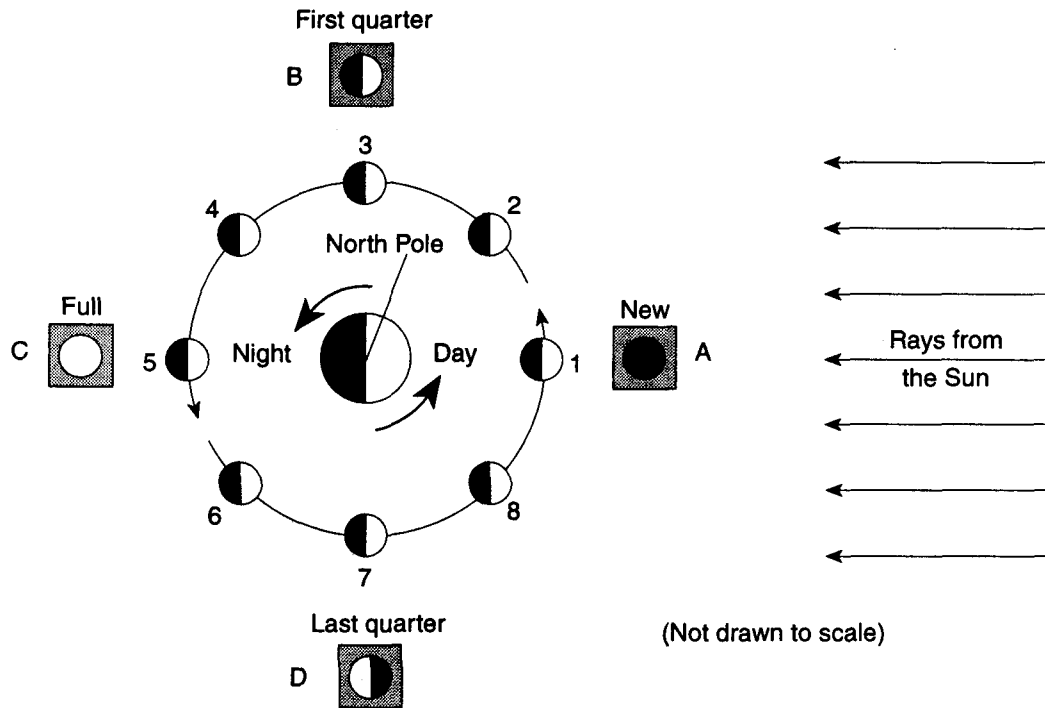


Which phase could have been observed on August 17?



26. Most scientists believe the Milky Way Galaxy is
- 1) spherical in shape
  - 2) 4.6 billion years old
  - 3) composed of stars revolving around Earth
  - 4) one of billions of galaxies in the universe
27. Which statement best describes the age of our solar system and the universe?
- 1) The universe is at least twice as old as our solar system.
  - 2) Our solar system is at least twice as old as the universe.
  - 3) Our solar system and the universe are estimated to be 5 billion years old.
  - 4) Our solar system and the universe are estimated to be 10 billion years old.
28. In New York State, how do the points of sunrise and sunset change during the course of 1 year?
- 1) They vary with each season in a cyclic manner.
  - 2) They move toward the north in the autumn months.
  - 3) They move toward the south in the spring months.
  - 4) They remain the same during the four seasons.

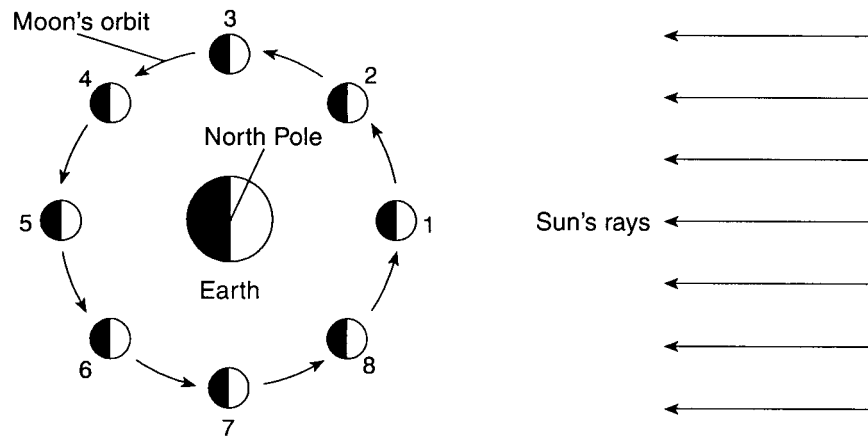
29. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram below, which represents a model of the Earth-Moon system as viewed from above the North Pole. The numbers 1 through 8 represent positions of the Moon as it revolves around Earth. The parts of the diagram lettered A through D show how the Moon's phases appear to an observer in New Jersey.



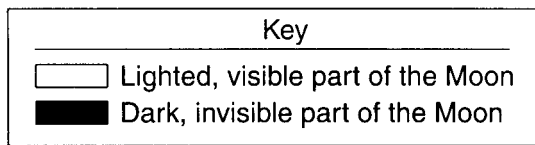
Which motion causes the Moon to show phases when viewed from Earth?

- 1) rotation of Earth      2) revolution of Earth      3) rotation of the Moon      4) revolution of the Moon

Base your answers to questions 30 through 32 on the diagram below, which represents the Moon orbiting Earth as viewed from space above the North Pole. The Moon is shown at eight different positions in its orbit.

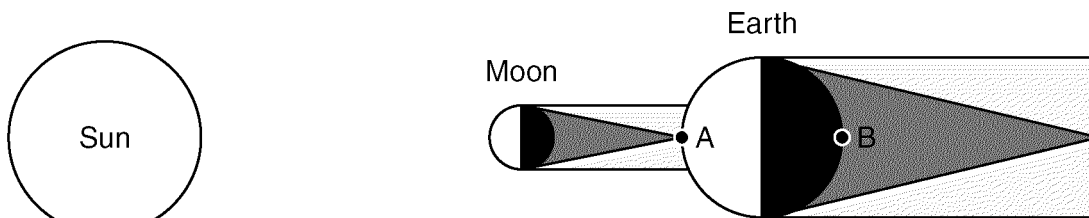


(Not drawn to scale)



30. The approximate time required for the Moon to move from position 3 to position 7 is  
 1) 1 hour                      2) 2 weeks                      3) 3 months                      4) 4 days
31. As the Moon changes location from position 2 to position 6, the visible portion of the Moon as observed from Earth  
 1) decreases, only              2) increases, only              3) decreases, then increases              4) increases, then decreases
32. Which device when placed on the Moon would provide evidence of Moon rotation?  
 1) Foucault pendulum              2) seismograph              3) thermometer              4) wind vane

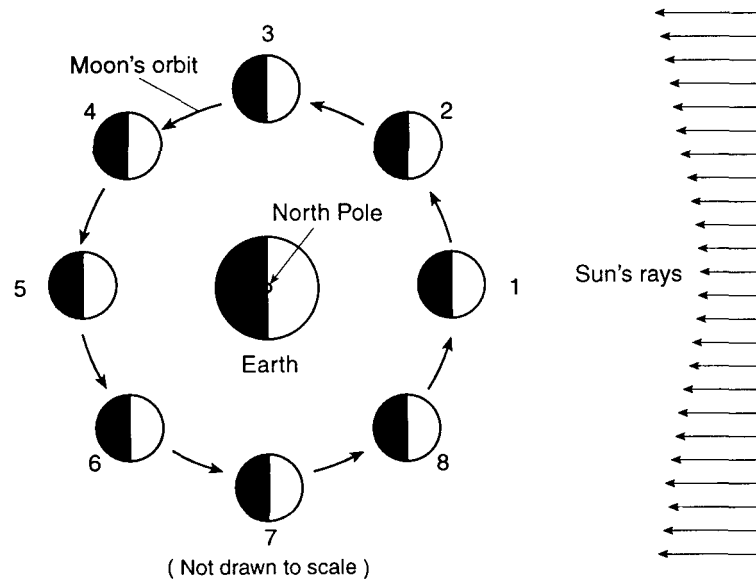
33. The diagram below shows the relative positions of the Sun, the Moon, and Earth when an eclipse was observed from Earth. Positions *A* and *B* are locations on Earth's surface.



(Not drawn to scale)

- Which statement correctly describes the type of eclipse that was occurring and the position on Earth where this eclipse was observed?
- 1) A lunar eclipse was observed from position *A*.                      3) A solar eclipse was observed from position *A*.  
 2) A lunar eclipse was observed from position *B*.                      4) A solar eclipse was observed from position *B*.

34. The diagram below shows the Moon orbiting Earth as viewed from space above the North Pole. The Moon is shown at eight different positions in its orbit.



At which two positions of the Moon is an eclipse of the Sun or Moon possible?

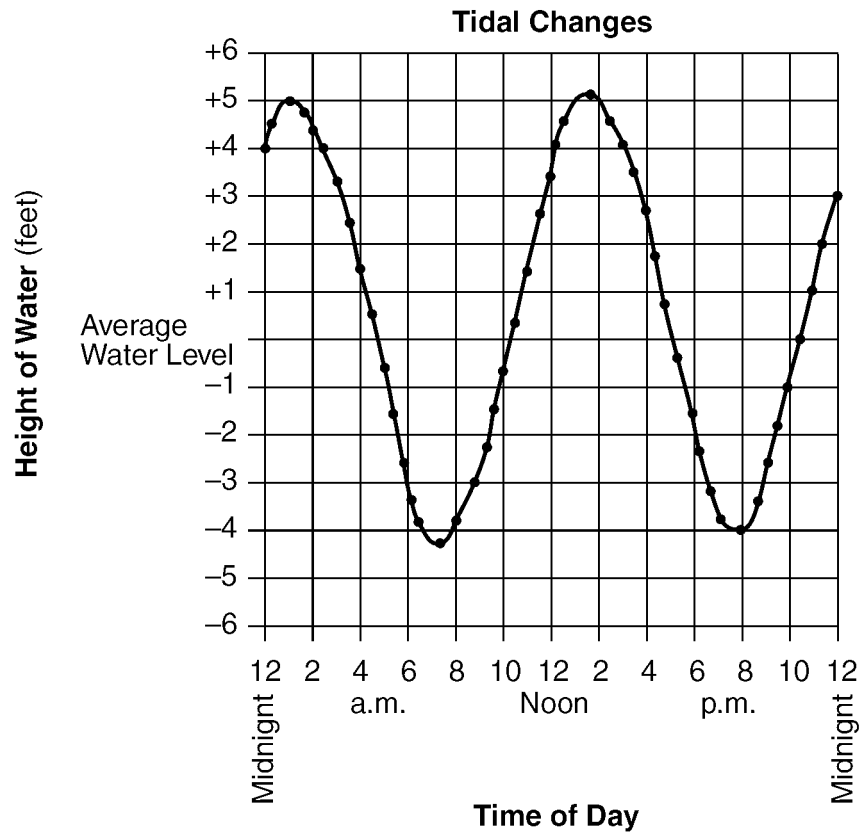
1) 1 and 5

2) 2 and 6

3) 3 and 7

4) 4 and 8

Base your answers to questions 35 and 36 on the graph below. The graph shows the recorded change in water level (ocean tides) at a coastal city in the northeastern United States during 1 day.



35. Which inference about tides is best made from this graph?

- 1) The hourly rate of tidal change is always the same.
- 2) The rate of tidal change is greatest at high tide.
- 3) The tidal change is a random event.
- 4) The tidal change is cyclic.

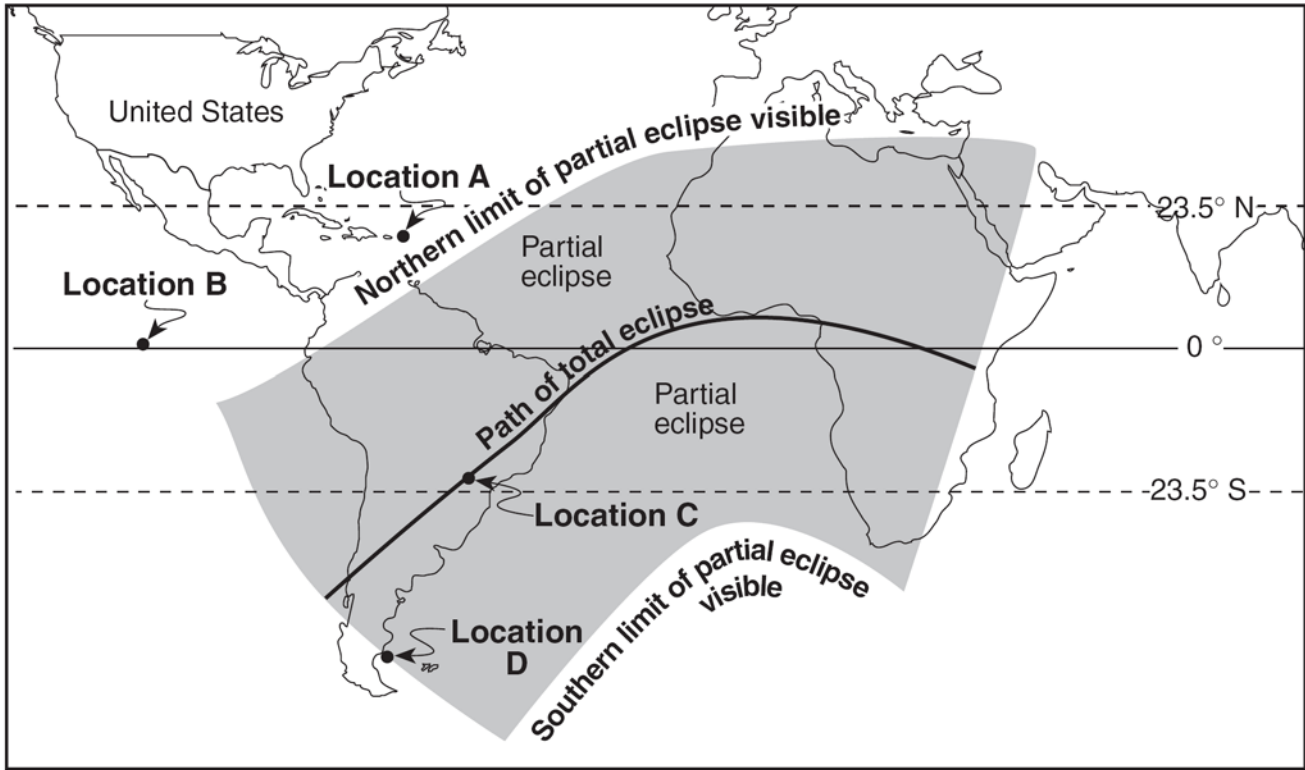
36. According to the pattern shown on the graph, the next high tide will occur on the following day at approximately

- 1) 12:30 a.m.
  - 2) 2:00 a.m.
  - 3) 3:15 a.m.
  - 4) 4:00 a.m.
-

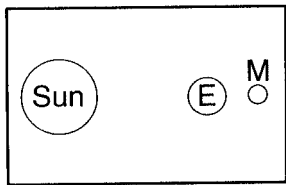


Base your answers to questions 37 and 38 on the world map below, which shows regions of Earth where a solar eclipse was visible on May 20, 1947. Location A, B, C, and D are on Earth's surface.

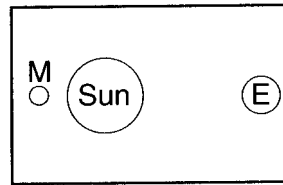
### Solar Eclipse May 20, 1947



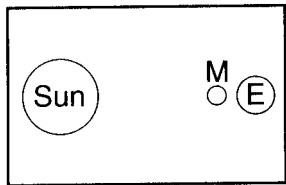
37. Which statement best describes the visibility of this eclipse from locations in New York State?
- 1) A total eclipse was visible all day.
  - 2) A total eclipse was visible only from noon until sunset.
  - 3) A partial eclipse was visible only from noon until sunset.
  - 4) Neither a partial nor a total eclipse was visible.
38. Which diagram best represents the positions of Earth (E), the Sun, and the Moon that created the solar eclipse? (Diagrams are not drawn to scale.)



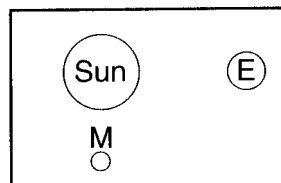
1)



3)



2)



4)

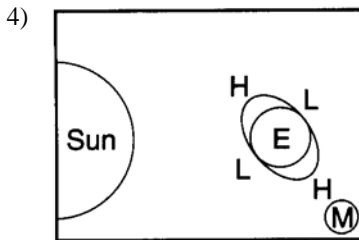
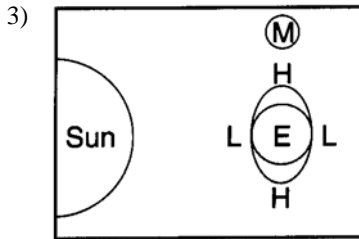
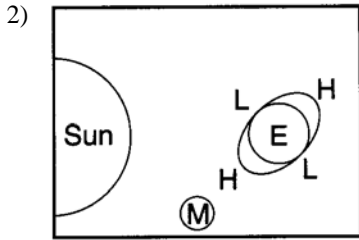
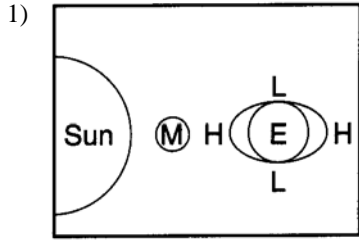
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39. The diagrams below represent Earth's ocean tides at four different positions of the Moon. Which diagram shows the Moon position that will produce the highest high tides and the lowest low tides? (The diagrams are not drawn to scale.)

Key	
E = Earth	H = High tide
M = Moon	L = Low tide



40. Which sequence of Moon phases could be observed from Earth during a 2-week period?

Key	
	Full Moon phase
	New Moon phase

